

Assessment in Online Courses: Affective Learning Outcomes

IUPUI 2021 Assessment Institute

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Desired Outcomes

- 1) Recognize the utility of weekly formative assessments in online coursework
- 2) Differentiate the affective learning domain
- 3) Question the effects of attitudes and emotions on learning outcomes
- 4) Weigh the practical considerations of affective learning outcomes assessment

1 ONLINE ASSESSMENT

Be Self
Aware



Photo by Diego PH,
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Be Aware
of Students



Photo by Nadir sYzYgY
<https://unsplash.com/photos/wc3jFFQxo8k>

Assess
Learning
Outcomes



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Setting One

Online For-credit
Coursework:
Formative
Assessment



HOW DO WE DO THAT?

01 REACTION
Did they like it?



02 LEARNING
Did they learn it?



03 TRANSFER
Will they use it?



04 RESULTS
Will it matter?



05 ROI
Return on investment
(Simonson et al. pp. 308-309)



**WEEKLY
FORMATIVE
ASSESSMENT**

Five levels of
Evaluation:
Kirkpatrick (1994) and
Simonson, et al.
(2015)



HOW DO WE DO THAT?

LEVEL - I
EVALUATION

01

REACTION



Did they like it?

The learning activities were effective.



Instructions were clear and easy to follow.



I learned something I had not known before this week.



The learning activities were engaging.



I struggled with comprehension for this week's learning activities.



WEEKLY
FORMATIVE
ASSESSMENT



HOW DO WE DO THAT?

LEVEL - II
EVALUATION

02

LEARNING



Did they learn it?

Reflect on the most interesting or most useful constructs from the course learning activities.

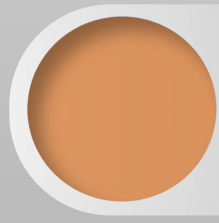


WEEKLY
FORMATIVE
ASSESSMENT



Setting Two

Massive Online
Open Course
(MOOC)
Assessment



MOOC TIMELINE

2015

Born out of PDF resource creation in 2015-2016

2016

2017

First course was launched in spring 2017 with CSU

2020

Earn PLA credit in NLU EdD program for course badge

Five course sections have run so far – each in winter/spring

MOOC SETTING

Self-paced, eight-module/
eight-week experience

Course materials

Beyond email/discussion
interactions, live webinars
with instructors occur prior to
course launch and in the last
week

Lecture videos/text, plus Personal Takes

Assigned readings, plus Further Learning

Eight discussion boards, seven quizzes,
two assignments – criteria to earn badge

Optional: small groups by institutional
type, sharing of contact information

Results

Formative Assessment: Instructor Performance & Student Learning

Instructor Performance Examples

Level 1 Evaluation
disaggregation by
cohort

Two doctoral cohorts

| Statistics | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|------------|
| Variable | Cohort | Mean | StDev | Median | Q3 | Range | Mode | N for Mode |
| Effective Activities | 1 | 3.2377 | 0.7620 | 3.0000 | 4.0000 | 3.0000 | 3 | 189 |
| | 2 | 3.4722 | 0.6372 | 4.0000 | 4.0000 | 3.0000 | 4 | 242 |
| Clear Instructions | 1 | 3.0466 | 0.8454 | 3.0000 | 4.0000 | 3.0000 | 3 | 170 |
| | 2 | 3.4174 | 0.7372 | 4.0000 | 4.0000 | 3.0000 | 4 | 243 |
| Learned Something New | 1 | 3.4910 | 0.6453 | 4.0000 | 4.0000 | 3.0000 | 4 | 218 |
| | 2 | 3.5982 | 0.5863 | 4.0000 | 4.0000 | 3.0000 | 4 | 288 |
| Engaging Activities | 1 | 3.2254 | 0.7617 | 3.0000 | 4.0000 | 3.0000 | 3 | 182 |
| | 2 | 3.4053 | 0.6785 | 4.0000 | 4.0000 | 3.0000 | 4 | 226 |
| Struggled w/Comprehension | 1 | 2.1602 | 0.9949 | 2.0000 | 3.0000 | 3.0000 | 2 | 124 |
| | 2 | 2.0780 | 1.0332 | 2.0000 | 3.0000 | 3.0000 | 1 | 173 |

Instructor Performance Significance

Level 1 Evaluation
significance test for
median values: MMT

Two doctoral cohorts

STRATEGIC_PLANNING_TWO_COHORTS_COMPLETE.MWX
Mood's Median Test: Clear Instructions versus Cohort

Descriptive Statistics

| Cohort | Median | N <= Overall Median | N > Overall Median | Q3 - Q1 | 95% Median CI |
|---------|--------|---------------------|--------------------|---------|---------------|
| 1 | 3 | 259 | 127 | 1 | (3, 3) |
| 2 | 4 | 205 | 243 | 1 | (3, 4) |
| Overall | 3 | | | | |

95.0% CI for median(1) - median(2): (-1,-1)

Test

Null hypothesis H₀: The population medians are all equal

Alternative hypothesis H₁: The population medians are not all equal

| DF | Chi-Square | P-Value |
|----|------------|---------|
| 1 | 38.25 | 0.000 |

Instructor Performance Significance

STRATEGIC_PLANNING_TWO_COHORTS_COMPLETE.MWX
Kruskal-Wallis Test: Clear Instructions versus Cohort

Descriptive Statistics

| Cohort | N | Median | Mean Rank | Z-Value |
|---------------|----------|---------------|------------------|----------------|
| 1 | 386 | 3 | 361.3 | -6.26 |
| 2 | 448 | 4 | 466.0 | 6.26 |
| Overall | 834 | | 417.5 | |

Test

Null hypothesis

H₀: All medians are equal

Alternative hypothesis

H₁: At least one median is different

| Method | DF | H-Value | P-Value |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|
| Not adjusted for ties | 1 | 39.16 | 0.000 |
| Adjusted for ties | 1 | 46.13 | 0.000 |

Level 1 Evaluation
significance test for
median values: K-WT

Two doctoral cohorts

ASSESSING AFFECTIVE LEARNING: Level 2 Evaluation Instrument, Griffith University Affective Learning Scale

Figure 3: GUALS-score rating categories.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|--------------------|---|
| No evidence of affective learning | 'Receiving' | 'Responding' | 'Valuing' | 'Organisation' | 'Characterisation' | |




Figure 3 from:

Nix, J. V., Shelton, V. K., & Song, L. M. (in press). Implementing affective learning outcomes through a meaning-centered curriculum. In Kapur, E. & Blessinger, P. (Eds.), ICT and innovation in teaching learning methods in higher education. Emerald.

Student Learning Example

Table 6 is from Nix, J. V., Song, L. M., & Lindbeck, R. L., (forthcoming). *Affective learning outcomes assessment as a path to online dialogic student development.*

Two doctoral cohorts

Table 6.

GUALS-score statistics across both cohorts, by week (learning module).

| Variable | Week | Statistics | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|------|------------|
| | | Mean | StDev | Median | Q3 | Range | Mode | N for Mode |
| GUALS_score | 1 | 3.446 | 2.004 | 3.000 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 1 | 28 |
| | 2 | 3.943 | 1.925 | 4.000 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 3 | 28 |
| | 3 | 3.744 | 1.429 | 4.000 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 3 | 38 |
| | 4 | 4.309 | 1.913 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 6.000 | 3 | 33 |
| | 5 | 4.458 | 2.127 | 4.500 | 7.000 | 6.000 | 7 | 33 |
| | 6 | 4.615 | 2.035 | 5.000 | 7.000 | 6.000 | 7 | 32 |
| | 7 | 4.142 | 1.798 | 4.000 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 3, 5 | 31 |

Student Learning Example

Disaggregation
by Cohort

Two doctoral cohorts

Descriptive Statistics: GUALS_score

Results for Cohort = 1

| Statistics | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|------|------------|
| Variable | Week | Mean | StDev | Median | Q3 | Range | Mode | N for Mode |
| GUALS_score | 1 | 3.218 | 2.052 | 3.000 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 1 | 18 |
| | 2 | 3.786 | 1.856 | 4.000 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 3 | 13 |
| | 3 | 3.818 | 1.156 | 4.000 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 4 | 19 |
| | 4 | 5.357 | 1.600 | 5.000 | 7.000 | 6.000 | 7 | 20 |
| | 5 | 5.255 | 1.974 | 6.000 | 7.000 | 6.000 | 7 | 25 |
| | 6 | 5.418 | 1.707 | 6.000 | 7.000 | 6.000 | 7 | 24 |
| | 7 | 4.607 | 1.371 | 5.000 | 5.000 | 4.000 | 5 | 19 |

Results for Cohort = 2

| Statistics | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|------|------------|
| Variable | Week | Mean | StDev | Median | Q3 | Range | Mode | N for Mode |
| GUALS_score | 1 | 3.667 | 1.949 | 3.000 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 3 | 13 |
| | 2 | 4.076 | 1.987 | 5.000 | 5.250 | 6.000 | 5 | 18 |
| | 3 | 3.682 | 1.628 | 3.000 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 3 | 21 |
| | 4 | 3.433 | 1.708 | 3.000 | 5.000 | 6.000 | 3 | 25 |
| | 5 | 3.762 | 2.022 | 4.000 | 6.000 | 6.000 | 1, 3 | 11 |
| | 6 | 3.955 | 2.056 | 4.000 | 6.000 | 6.000 | 5 | 15 |
| | 7 | 3.734 | 2.026 | 3.000 | 5.750 | 6.000 | 3 | 16 |

Instructor Performance vs Student Learning

Level 2 Evaluation data
significance test for
median values: K-WT

Two doctoral cohorts

STRATEGIC PLANNING TWO COHORTS COMPLETE.MWX

Kruskal-Wallis Test: GUALS_score versus Clear Instructions

Descriptive Statistics

| Clear Instructions | N | Median | Mean Rank | Z-Value |
|-----------------------|-----|--------|-----------|---------|
| * | 2 | 4 | 413.0 | -0.03 |
| 1-Completely Disagree | 31 | 3 | 296.9 | -2.86 |
| 2-Moderately Disagree | 103 | 3 | 306.0 | -5.05 |
| 3-Moderately Agree | 330 | 4 | 394.9 | -2.28 |
| 4-Completely Agree | 370 | 5 | 481.1 | 6.68 |
| Overall | 836 | | 418.5 | |

Test

Null hypothesis

H₀: All medians are equal

Alternative hypothesis

H₁: At least one median is different

| Method | DF | H-Value | P-Value |
|-----------------------|----|---------|---------|
| Not adjusted for ties | 4 | 58.22 | 0.000 |
| Adjusted for ties | 4 | 59.95 | 0.000 |

The chi-square approximation may not be accurate when some sample sizes are less than 5.

Emotional Effect on Affective Learning

Level 2 Evaluation data
significance test for
median values: K-WT

Two doctoral cohorts

Kruskal-Wallis Test: GUALS_score by Primary Emotion

Descriptive Statistics

| Primary emotion | N | Median | Mean Rank | Z-Value |
|-----------------|-----|--------|-----------|---------|
| AN | 5 | 3.0 | 280.6 | -1.29 |
| ANW | 90 | 3.0 | 344.6 | -3.11 |
| AP | 30 | 1.0 | 65.5 | -8.16 |
| AW | 167 | 3.0 | 250.4 | -10.09 |
| CF | 36 | 3.0 | 229.2 | -4.82 |
| CN | 359 | 6.0 | 602.2 | 18.91 |
| H | 12 | 4.0 | 387.9 | -0.46 |
| J | 19 | 5.0 | 445.1 | 0.47 |
| S | 109 | 3.0 | 327.0 | -4.28 |
| Overall | 838 | | 419.5 | |

Test

Null hypothesis

H₀: All medians are equal

Alternative hypothesis

H₁: At least one median is different

| Method | DF | H-Value | P-Value |
|-----------------------|----|---------|---------|
| Not adjusted for ties | 11 | 408.41 | 0.000 |
| Adjusted for ties | 11 | 420.50 | 0.000 |

Attitudinal Effect on Affective Learning

Level 2 Evaluation data
significance test for
median values: K-WT

Two doctoral cohorts

Kruskal-Wallis Test: GUALS_score by Attitude

Descriptive Statistics

| Attitude | N | Median | Mean Rank | Z-Value |
|-----------------|----------|---------------|------------------|----------------|
| E | 222 | 3 | 225.0 | -13.96 |
| K | 412 | 5 | 529.2 | 12.90 |
| U | 73 | 2 | 242.7 | -6.53 |
| V | 131 | 5 | 502.6 | 4.28 |
| Overall | 838 | | 419.5 | |

Test

Null hypothesis

H₀: All medians are equal

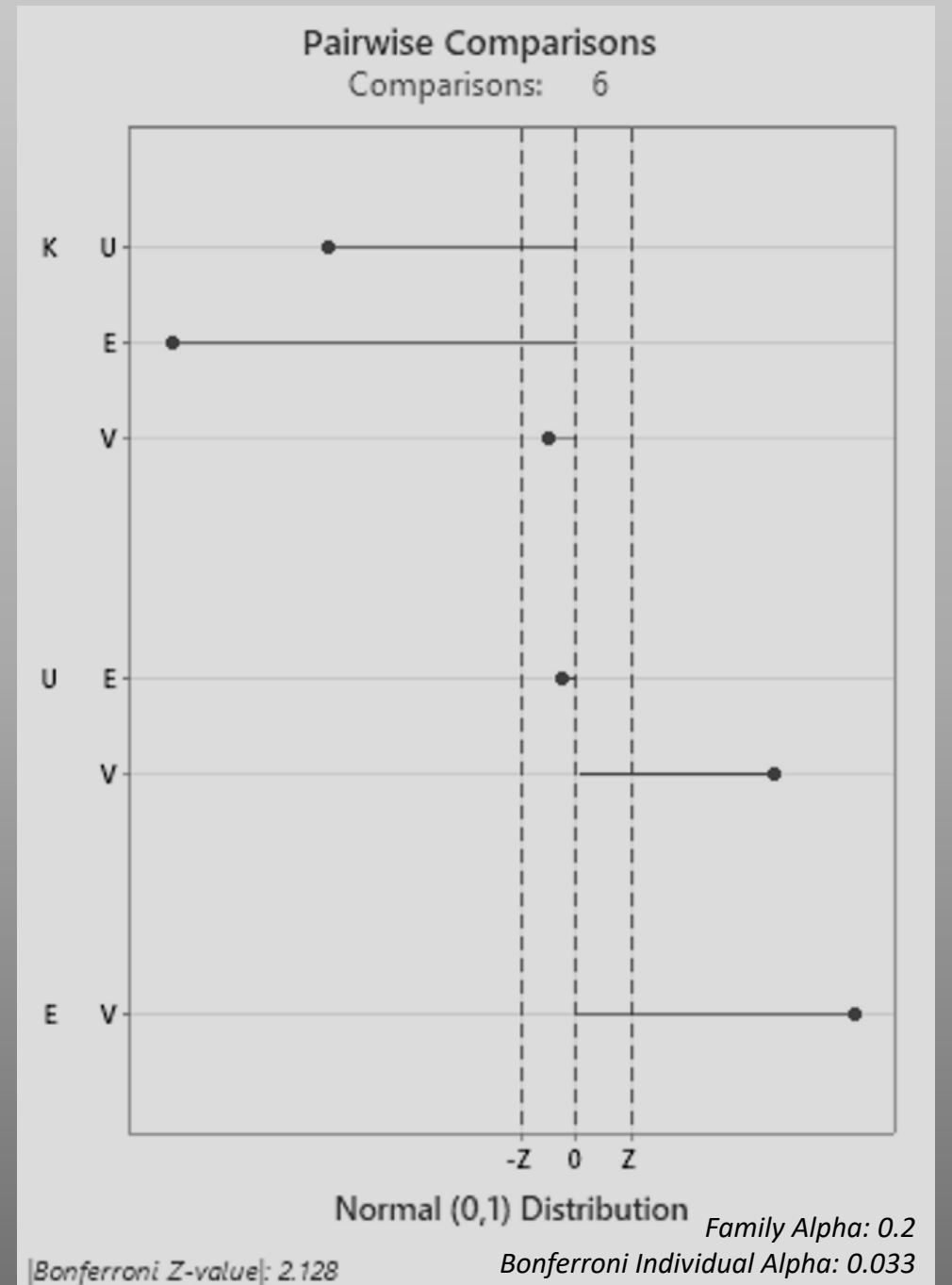
Alternative hypothesis

H₁: At least one median is different

| Method | DF | H-Value | P-Value |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|
| Not adjusted for ties | 3 | 282.30 | 0.000 |
| Adjusted for ties | 3 | 290.66 | 0.000 |

Post-hoc Mann-Whitney U for significant Kruskal-Wallis results

Level 2 Evaluation data
post-hoc Mann-Whitney U test for significant interaction
main effect
Two doctoral cohorts



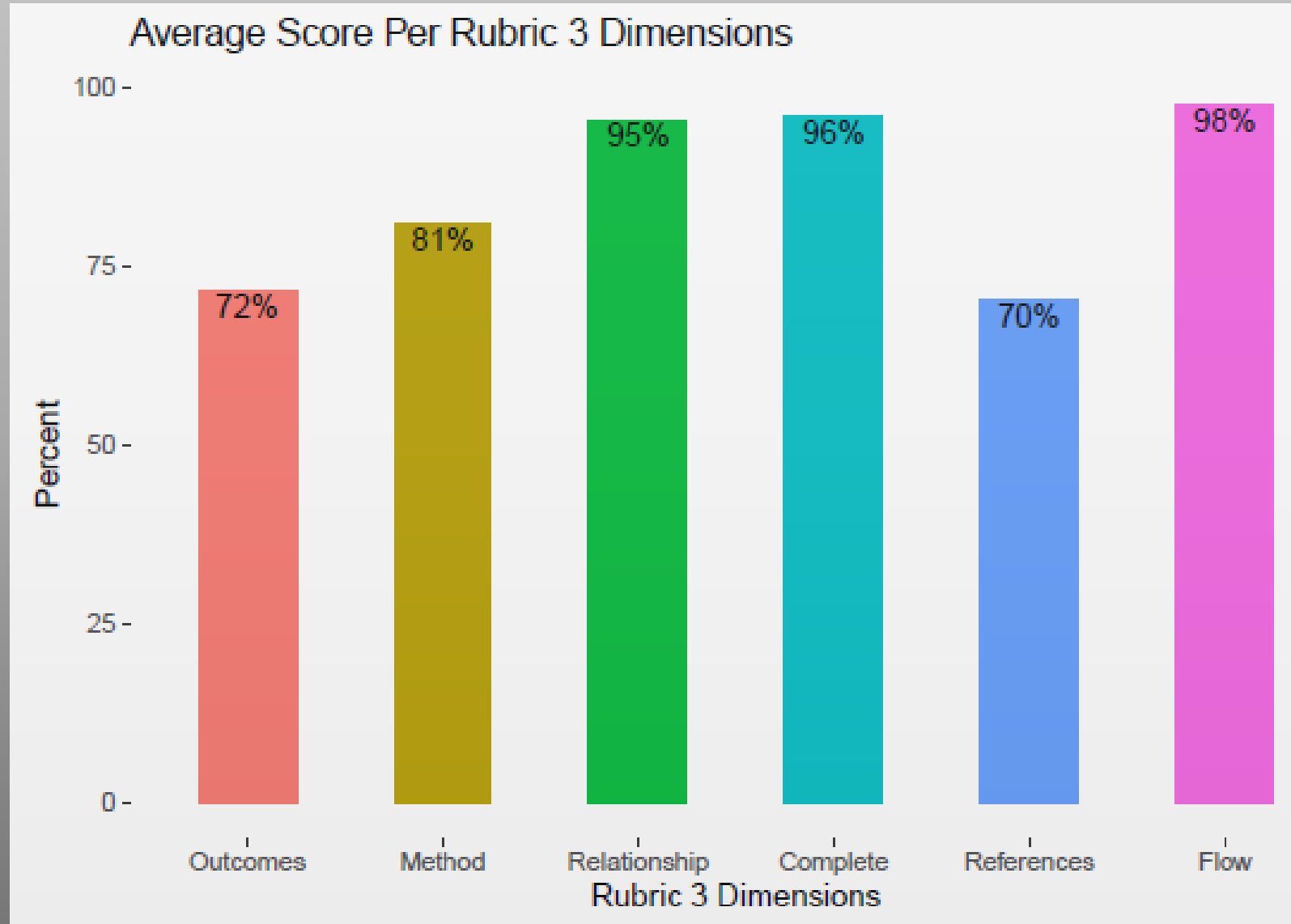
Results

MOOC Analyses

Rubric 3 Data

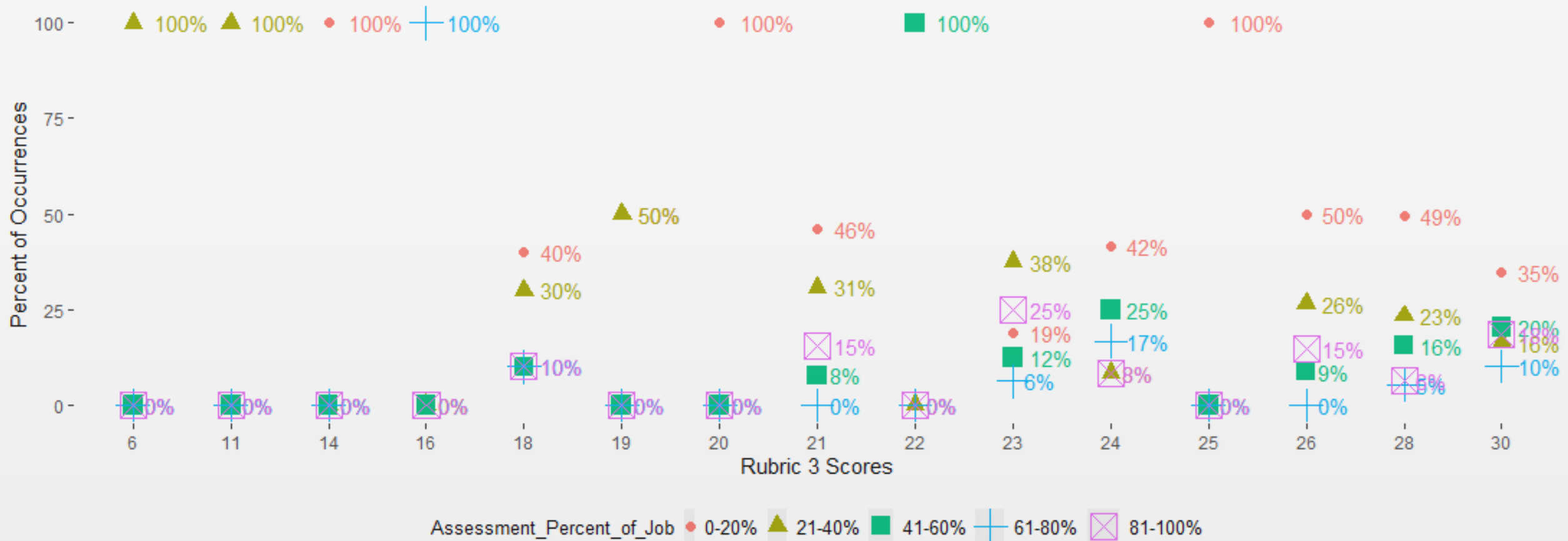
| | total_paper_grade | Outcomes | Method | Relationship | Complete | References | Flow |
|----------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|
| nbr.val | 280.00 | 280.00 | 280.000 | 280.000 | 280.000 | 280.000 | 280.000 |
| nbr.null | 4.00 | 53.00 | 30.000 | 10.000 | 7.000 | 10.000 | 4.000 |
| nbr.na | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| min | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| max | 30.00 | 5.00 | 5.000 | 5.000 | 5.000 | 5.000 | 5.000 |
| range | 30.00 | 5.00 | 5.000 | 5.000 | 5.000 | 5.000 | 5.000 |
| median | 28.00 | 5.00 | 5.000 | 5.000 | 5.000 | 3.000 | 5.000 |
| mean | 25.59 | 3.58 | 4.050 | 4.771 | 4.804 | 3.514 | 4.879 |
| SE.mean | 0.31 | 0.11 | 0.097 | 0.058 | 0.051 | 0.068 | 0.040 |
| CI.mean | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.190 | 0.114 | 0.101 | 0.134 | 0.078 |
| var | 27.08 | 3.67 | 2.614 | 0.944 | 0.732 | 1.304 | 0.444 |
| std.dev | 5.20 | 1.92 | 1.617 | 0.972 | 0.856 | 1.142 | 0.666 |
| coef.var | 0.20 | 0.54 | 0.399 | 0.204 | 0.178 | 0.325 | 0.137 |

Rubric 3 Data (cont.)

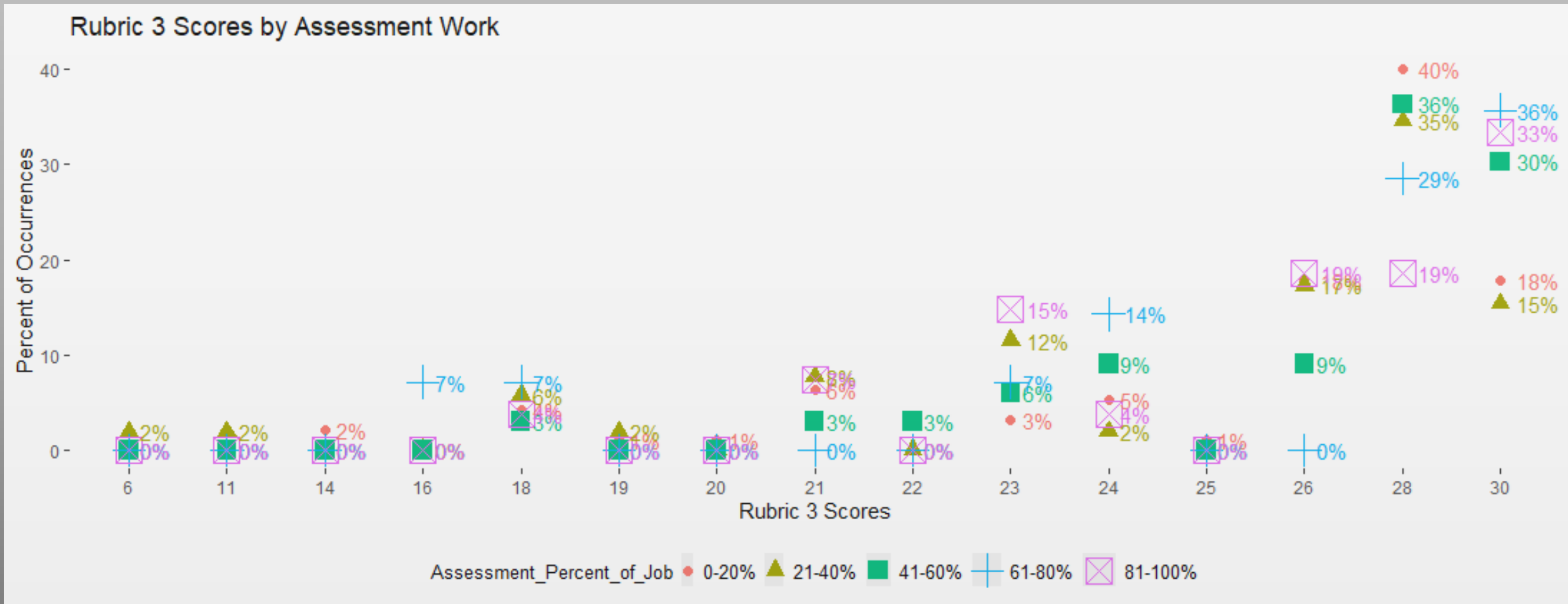


Scores by Work in Assessment

Rubric 3 Scores by Assessment Work



Work in Assessment by Scores



Discussion/Q&A



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Appendix

The Affective Learning Domain

Figure 2.
The Affective Learning Domain.

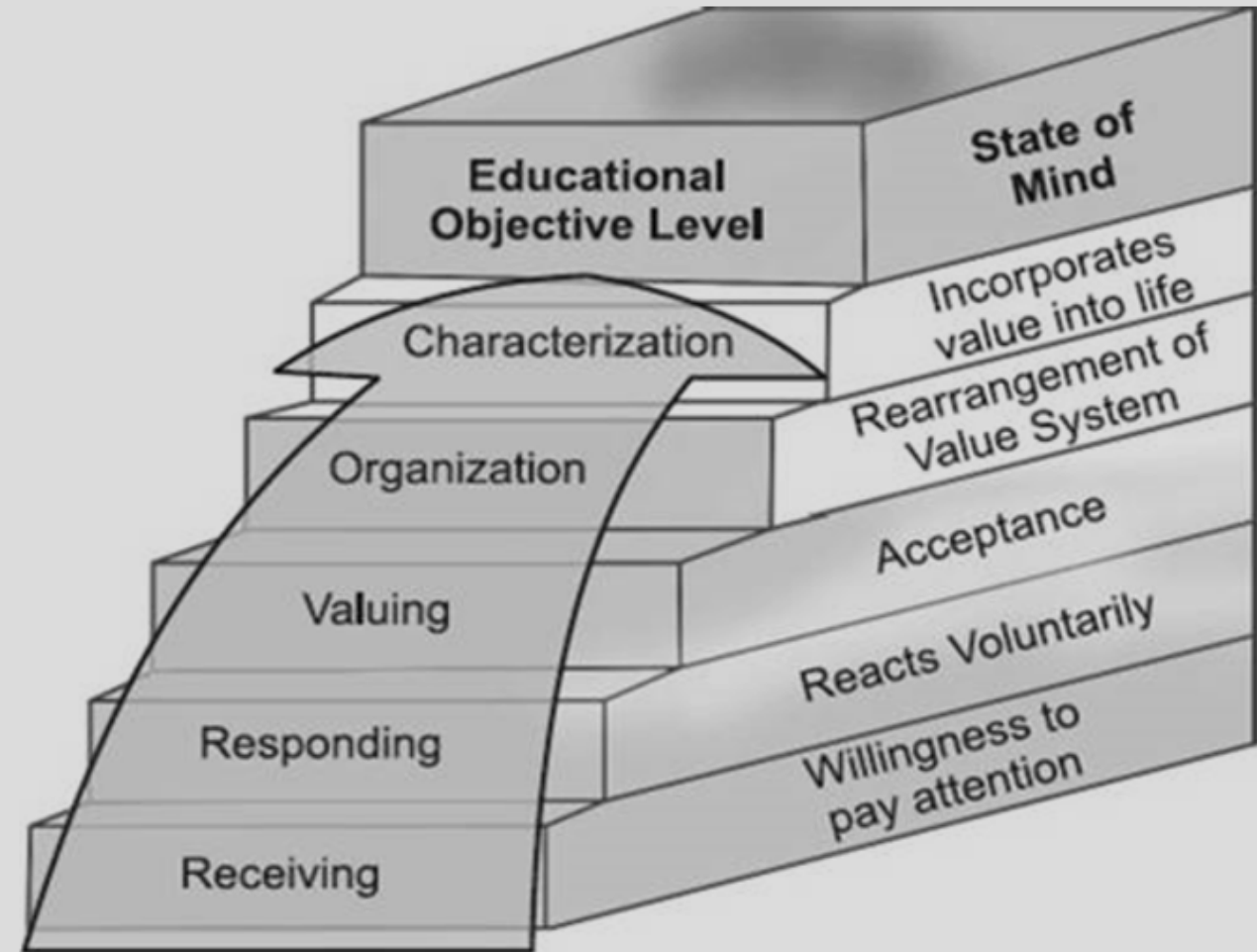


Figure 2 from:

Nix, J. V., Song, L. M., & Lindbeck, R. (2021). Affective learning outcomes assessment as a path to online dialogic student development. *Journal of Organizational Psychology, 21*(4).

Image from open-source textbook at https://ebrary.net/2967/management/basic_levels_learning_domains_learning